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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/902,902	07/09/2001	Stephen C. Baer		1498	
75	08/05/2003				
Stephen C. Baer 10 Poplar Rd. Cambridge, MA 02138			EXAMINER		
			BERMAN, JACK I		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			. 2881		
			DATE MAIL ED. 09/05/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

					X				
		A	pplication No.	Applicant(s)					
			9/902,902	BAER, STEPHEN	C.				
Office Action Summary		E	xaminer	Art Unit					
e**		1	ack I. Berman	2881					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status									
	sponsive to communication(s) fi	led on							
·			ction is non-final.						
<i>'</i> —		<i>'</i> —		ters prosecution as to the	a morite ie				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims									
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>21-40</u> is/are pending in the application.									
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>21-24 and 32-40</u> is/are rejected.									
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-31</u> is/are objected to.									
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers									
	specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>09 July 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.									
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.									
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120									
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).									
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:									
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.									
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).									
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).									
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.									
Attachment(s)									
2) Notice of D	leferences Cited (PTO-892) Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F In Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) P			Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s nformal Patent Application (PTC					
J.S. Patent and Tradema	rk Office								

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Claims 21 and 23 are objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 21 ends with a comma rather than a period, suggesting that the recitation of more limitations was intended (the claim was examined on the basis of those limitations actually set forth); and in line 6 of claim 23, the context indicates that "time" should read --type--. Appropriate correction is required.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 21, 32, 39, and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Hell et al. The Hell et al. article in Optics Letters teaches to provide beams of quenching radiation, a second type of radiation that the article calls stimulated-emission-depletion (STED) beams, on opposite sides of a beam of exciting radiation that is focused on a target material to be examined containing a fluorescent material that constitutes an excitable species so that the central maximum of the exciting beam coincides with a central minimum of the quenching radiation and the resolution of the apparatus is thereby increased.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 33 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hell et al. The duplication of the Hell et al. apparatus to simultaneously irradiate a plurality of regions on the



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target material would have been an obvious duplication of parts, as would the provision of four STED beams around the exciting beam instead of two.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 22-24 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 2 and 3 of U.S. Patent No. 5,952,668.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art to project the exciting radiation and the second type of radiation in patterns other than those specified in the patented claims. It is noted that the cancellation of contributions from the radiation from the two coherent but out-of-phase beams of the second type of radiation to produce an intensity of substantially zero inherently involves an interference pattern.

Claims 34-38 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 13-17, respectively, of U.S. Patent No. 5,866,911. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct

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from each other because it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the scanning claimed in the patented claim was not required for operation of the system.

Claims 25-31 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The prior art does not teach to produce an interference pattern of the second type of radiation in the form of a node that is substantially extended in at least one dimension, or to provide means to improve the resolution of the apparatus in a dimension parallel to the axis of the focusing means.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jack I. Berman whose telephone number is (703) 308-4849. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:30-6:00) with every second Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John R. Lee can be reached on (703) 308-4116. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9318 for regular communications and (703) 872-9319 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Jack I. Berman
Primary Examiner
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jb July 30, 2003